AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 17, 2004 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 30, 2004 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 11, 2004

SENATE BILL

No. 1508

Introduced by Senator Ducheny (Coauthor: Senator Ortiz)

February 19, 2004

An act to add Chapter 7.6 (commencing with Section 1922) to Title 4 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, relating to real property loans.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1508, as amended, Ducheny. Real property loans: restrictions: code violations.

Existing law regulates the transfer of real property and the recording of liens on real property.

This bill would prohibit a person or entity, other than a federally chartered financial institution, from making a loan secured by a deed of trust or mortgage on non-owner-occupied residential real property if the person or entity has actual or constructive notice that a notice of pendency of action relative to a code violation has been recorded against the property by the local code enforcement agency, unless the loan does not exceed certain amounts, or unless a portion of the loan is withheld pending compliance with the code enforcement notice or disbursed to pay for construction work. The bill would provide that a loan made in violation of these provisions is not void or voidable.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 7.6 (commencing with Section 1922) is added to Title 4 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, to read:

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CHAPTER 7.6. RESTRICTIONS ON REAL PROPERTY LOANS

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- 1922. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), no person or entity shall make a loan secured by a deed of trust or mortgage on non-owner-occupied residential real property if the person or entity has actual or constructive notice that a notice of pendency 10 of action, as defined in Section 405.2 of the Code of Civil Procedure, has been recorded against the property by the local code enforcement agency pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17985 of the Health and Safety Code or Section 405.7 or 405.20 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
 - (b) Subdivision (a) shall not apply in either of the following cases:
 - (1) In the case of a purchase loan, if the amount of the loan does not exceed the purchase price or fair market value, whichever is lower, or in the case of a refinance loan, if the amount of the loan does not exceed the amount of the outstanding liens on the property. Fair market value shall be determined by an appraiser, licensed or certified by the Office of Real Estate Appraisers, for the applicable transaction.
 - (2) The amount of the loan exceeds the amounts specified in paragraph (1), and the lender withholds the excess and disburses those loan proceeds to the person or entity legally entitled thereto
 - (A) Loan proceeds that will be used to cure the code violations and complete other construction improvements being made to the real property shall be disbursed as payment for construction work.
 - (B) Any amount in excess of that reasonably sufficient to cure the code violations and complete other construction improvements being made to the real property shall be withheld pending compliance with the code enforcement notice.
 - (C) If loan proceeds are held and are disbursed from escrow, the lender shall be entitled to accrue interest from the date the loan proceeds are deposited in escrow.

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- (c) (1)—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a lender from applying the loan proceeds of a loan described in subdivision (b) for the payment of reasonable fees, costs, and expenses to make necessary to make or arrange the loan that do not exceed one percent of the loan amount.
- (2) Reasonable fees, costs, and expenses include all of the following:
- (A) Lender's origination fees.
 - (B) Mortgage brokerage commissions.
- 10 (C) Appraisal fees.

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- 11 (D) Escrow fees.
- 12 (E) Title charges and coverage premiums.
- 13 (F) Notary fees.
 - (G) Recording fees.
- 15 (H) Credit investigation fees. loan.
 - (d) If a construction loan disbursement account *ia is* established with the lender or through an independent joint control agent, as defined in Section 17005.1 of the Financial Code, the loan proceeds of a loan described in subdivision (b) may also be applied to the reasonable fees, costs, and expenses for this purpose.
- 21 (e) This section does not apply to a loan made by a federally chartered financial institution.
- 23 (f) No loan made in violation of this section is either void or voidable.